As in previous rounds of the AmericasBarometer, we conducted online surveys in the U.S. and Canada. In Haiti and Nicaragua CATI interviews were conducted using Random-Digit Dialing (RDD) using mobile phone numbers as sampling frames.

The quality control process for the AmericasBarometer 2023 round continues using the LAPOP's Fieldwork Algorithm for LAPOP Control over survey Operations and Norms (FALCON). FALCON

serious errors, and we refuse to accept (that is, we require the cancelation of) low quality interviews.[3]

The local firm audited 100% of interviews. All interviews were also run through LAPOP's automatic flagging system, and then LAPOP's team manually audited a subset of the interviews. A total of 404 interviews were canceled in Colombia in the 2023 AmericasBarometer. The most predominant reasons for canceling an interview were interviewers offering an interpretation of questions, not reading questions completely or correctly, and reading issues on the study information sheet. There were 35 incomplete/early termination interviews.

Response Rates in Colombia

In this section we present the survey response rates.[4] The AmericasBarometer response rates are based on AAPOR's Standard Definitions. The response rate is the number of complete interviews with reporting units divided by the number of eligible reporting units in the sample. LAPOP Lab has programmed in STG a module that permits the accurate recording of the number of refusals, ineligible respondents, or non-contact. This in turn allows for estimating the response rates in each country. Two definitions of response rates are provided below, ranging from the definition that yields the lowest rate to the definition that yields the highest rate, depending on how partial interviews are considered and how cases of unknown eligibility are handled.

Response rates reported below are:

$$\text{Response Rate 1 (RR1)} = \frac{}{+ \ + \ + \ + \ + \quad +}$$

$$\text{Response Rate 3 (RR3)} = \frac{}{+ \ + \ + \ + \ + \ (\quad + \quad)}$$

Where: where C refers to completed interviews, P to partial interviews, R to refusals, N for non-contacts, O for others, UH for unknown if household, UO to unknown others, and e is the eligibility rate calculated using the CASRO method: e=Eligible/(Eligible + Ineligible).

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[3] For additional information on quality control, see LAPOP's Methodological Note: "Improving Quality in Phone Surveys via LAPOP's Multi-Faceted FALCON-CATI Approach" By Sebastián Larrea, Valerie Schweizer, and Elizabeth J. Zechmeister (May 2021). Available at: https://www.vanderbilt.edu/lapop/insights/IMN008en.pdf

[4] For additional information on how response rates are estimated, see LAPOP's Methodological Note: "How Does LAPOP Calculate Response Rates?" By Zachary Warner and Gabriel Camargo-Toledo (June 2019). Available at: https://www.vanderbilt.edu/lapop/methods-005rev.pdf

Table 2: Response Rates in the 2023 AmericasBarometer Survey by Country

Country	RR1 (%)	RR3 (%)
Argentina	8.8	23.8
Bahamas	27.2	31.4
Belize	34.9	42.0
Bolivia	15.6	22.7
Brazil	28.1	32.5
Chile	39.0	42.0
Colombia	31.7	39.1
Costa Rica	9.2	22.4
Dominican Republic	19.0	48.0
Ecuador	14.5	26.2
El Salvador	7.3	10.6
Grenada	56.0	59.7
Guatemala	39.6	43.1
Haiti*	6.6	10.6
Honduras	23.0	36.3
Jamaica	27.9	35.0
Mexico	19.6	31.1
Nicaragua*	8.9	9.8
Panama	35.0	40.9
Paraguay	28.5	39.0
Peru	13.3	28.6
Suriname	42.0	51.3
Trinidad & Tobago**	--	--
Uruguay	12.7	24.9

* Response rates based on CATI